Minnenas stig

THE PATH OF MEMORIES

8 Bergbybadet



Bergbybadet, a swimming and camping site at Väddöviken

The was built in 1964 by the then Häverö municipality. The purpose is said to
be to give the children in Hallstavik the opportunity to swim in clean water.

Edeboviken used to be very polluted. However, the villagers are critical of the choice of location – the water here is both cold and currenty!

Previously, people swam in a small bay at Bergby Brygga (see sign no. 14).

For many years, a municipal swimming school has been run at

Bergbybadet, where many people in the town have learned to swim. The campsite was piers previously well-visited but has been closed for a few years. It is facing a

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The settlement in Bergby dates back a long time, probably from the Iron Age (500 BC – 1050 AD). During this period the land rose, new lands and islands rose from the sea.

been sold and converted into holiday homes (Brf Bergby).

People settle near the water, which serves as the main route of communication. The shoreline was then 5–15 meters higher than today. The area bears abundant historical traces in the form of ancient remains. One example is the burial field located on a field island just north of this sign.

The archaeological site covers an area of approximately 100 x 20 meters and contains about fifteen smaller round stone mounds. One of the graves is unusually large, with a diameter of 14 meters and a height of 1.5 meters. Perhaps a chieftain's grave?

The road down to the water was built when the new manor house was built at Bergby Gård around 1780. The road still exists and is one of the oldest in the area. Bergby Gård's shipping yard was built by the water. Remains of the stone was piers can still be seen in the water.

Butter and grain from the manor were often transported by sea. The boathouse by the water was probably built in the 19th century.





Bergbybadet 1970s. Archaeological site map